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January 6, 2010 response. (Doc. 295).

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Court was divested of jurisdiction over the issues before the appellate court. U.S. v. Phelps, 283 1 2 F.3d 1176, n.5 (9th Cir. 2002) (citing *Griggs v. Provident Consumer Disc. Co.*, 459 U.S. 56, 58 (1982)). 3 The purpose of the divestiture rule is to promote judicial economy and to avoid confusion of having the 4 same issues before two courts simultaneously. Natural Res. Def. Council v. Southwest Marine, Inc., 242 5 F.3d 1163, 1166 (9th Cir. 2001). According to this well-settled rule, this Court lacks jurisdiction over the claims currently pending on appeal. Thus, this Court has no authority to grant Mr. VeVea the 6 7 relief he seeks. 8 This Court made clear in its January 6, 2010 order (Doc. 295) that this Court lacks jurisdiction 9 over Mr. VeVea's action while the appeal is pending. In addition, this Court has found Mr. VeVea's 10 numerous post-conviction motions to be brought in bad faith and has warned Mr. VeVea that further 11 motions filed in bad faith will subject him to this Court's order to show cause. (Doc. 267). 12 This Court ORDERS Mr. VeVea to file no further post-conviction motions over which this 13 Court lacks jurisdiction. Further inappropriate motions will subject Mr. VeVea to an order to show cause, a probation violation and/or other sanctions. See, Judgment and Commitment Terms of 14 15 Probation (Doc. 263); Erickson v. Newmar Corp., 87 F.3d 298, 301 (9th Cir. 1996) (court has a duty to 16 supervise the conduct of attorneys appearing before it); Dahl v. City of Huntington Beach, 84 F.3d 363, 17 367 (9th Cir. 1996) (determination of sanction is subject to court's sound discretion); Local Rule 110 18 (failure of counsel or party to comply with order of the court may be grounds for imposition of sanction 19 within inherent power of the court). 20 IT IS SO ORDERED. 21 22 Dated: <u>April 2, 2010</u> /s/ Lawrence J. O'Neill UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE 23 24 25 26

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